

ESERCIZI PER L'INGRESSO ALLA CLASSE PRIMA
INGLESE - SOLUZIONI

1. Scrivi l'articolo a oppure an.

1. AN orange
2. A taxi
3. A telephone
4. A computer
5. AN apple
6. A girl
7. A friend
8. A sister
9. AN umbrella
10. A player

2. Scrivi l'articolo indeterminativo appropriato.

1. There is AN aeroplane in the sky.
2. She is AN English teacher.
3. There's A horror film at the Odeon.
4. John is A university student.
5. It's A dangerous toy.
6. Tom Cruise is AN actor.

3. Riscrivi le frasi al plurale.

1. THOSE ARE GREAT BOOKS.
2. THEY ARE BEAUTIFUL CARS.
3. THESE ARE NICE SANDWICHES.
4. THEY ARE FROM ENGLAND.
5. THOSE ARE THE NEW COMPUTERS.
6. THEY ARE MY BLUE PENS.

4. Completa le domande con *who, what, where, when, how many*.

1. HOW MANY cousins have you got?
2. WHO are those people?
3. WHO's that boy?
4. WHAT is this?
5. WHERE are you from?
6. WHEN's Halloween?

5. Inserisci le domande mancanti.

1. A: HOW OLD IS SHE?
2. A: CAN YOU SPELL YOUR SURNAME?
3. A: ARE YOU AMERICAN?
4. Sara: WHAT'S YOUR SURNAME, Mary?
5. B: WHAT ABOUT a snack?
6. A: ARE YOU THIRSTY?

6. Metti l'apostrofo al posto giusto.

1. Emma's parents are in Spain.

2. Her sons' names are Luke and Charlie.
3. His sister's name is Louise.
4. Mr Smith's car is outside.
5. Where are John's computer games?
6. The girls' fathers are at work.

7. Completa le frasi con l'aggettivo possessivo corretto.

1. THEIR
2. YOUR
3. HIS
4. HER
5. ITS

8. Completa le frasi.

1. Hi! MY name's Poppy.
2. That's Tom. HE's a new student.
3. This is Mary. SHE's from Manchester.
4. We are from England but OUR parents are from Trinidad.
5. Do you know them? THEIR names are Sandra and Tom.
6. Hello! I'm Paula.

9. Inserisci *some, any, a o an*.

1. Is there ANY milk in the fridge?
2. We haven't got ANY beef. Buy SOME.
3. We need SOME mayonnaise. Have we got ANY?
4. «Have we got ANY fruit?» «Yes, there's AN apple and SOME oranges».
5. Julius never eats ANY vegetables.
6. «I need A lemon for this drink». «That's O.K. There are SOME lemons in the cupboard».
7. We've got SOME bread, but we haven't got ANY cheese or ham.
8. «I'm hungry. What can I eat?» «There's A cheese sandwich and SOME salad in the fridge».

10. Scrivi per esteso il verbo *to be*.

1. He IS a teacher.
2. They ARE from Warsaw.
3. I AM British.
4. We ARE students.
5. You ARE in that class.

11. Completa le frasi con *have got*.

1. HAS Tom GOT a guitar? Yes, he HAS.
2. My mum HAS GOT blue eyes.
3. My brother HASN'T GOT long hair.
4. HAVE you GOT a brother? Yes, I HAVE.
5. I HAVEN'T GOT a beard.
6. They HAVE GOT a good teacher. She's great.
7. HAVE they GOT a car? No, they HAVEN'T.
8. Who HAS GOT a brother?

12. Riscrivi le frasi usando *is o has* al posto della forma contratta. Il genitivo sassone rimane invariato.

1. Amanda HAS got a dog and a cat.
2. She IS an English girl.

3. Her father's name IS Bill.
4. Rachel IS forty-three.
5. My father's sister IS my aunt.
6. Bob HAS got an expensive car.
7. She IS Mrs Wade, her husband IS in Canada.
8. Justin Bieber IS very famous.
9. He HAS got a Chinese friend.
10. Where IS Paris?

13. Scrivi i seguenti verbi alla terza persona singolare.

1. dance: he DANCES
2. come: he COMES
3. drink: he DRINKS
4. go: he GOES
5. eat: he EATS
6. teach: he TEACHES
7. kiss: he KISSES
8. work: he WORKS
9. study: he STUDIES
10. buy: he BUYS
11. play: he PLAYS
12. wash: he WASHES

14. Riscrivi le frasi usando il *present simple* del verbo tra parentesi.

1. Where IS he from? He IS from Brazil.
2. Where IS Edinburgh? It IS in Scotland.
3. She DOES NOT PLAY the piano. She PLAYS the guitar.
4. What time DOES the bank OPEN? It OPENS at ten o'clock.

15. Forma la negazione del verbo al *present simple*.

1. They DON'T LIVE in London.
2. We AREN'T hungry.
3. She HASN'T a cat.
4. He DOESN'T WORK a lot.
5. I DON'T HAVE lunch at one o'clock.

16. Riscrivi le frasi usando il *present continuous* del verbo tra parentesi.

1. She IS WATCHING a beautiful film.
2. Our dog IS RUNNING in the garden.
3. I think you ARE DRIVING too fast.
4. Wait, I AM WRITING an important e-mail.
5. Be careful, the doors ARE CLOSING.

17. Trasforma in domande.

1. DO THEY like to speak French?
2. WILL SHE drive a new car tomorrow?
3. CAN HE sing quite well?
4. IS SHE reading a newspaper?
5. WHEN DO YOU study English?

18. Rispondi con una *short answer*.

1. Yes, IT IS.
2. No, THEY AREN'T.
3. Yes, I AM.
4. No, IT ISN'T.
5. Yes, THEY ARE.

19. Completa le frasi con il verbo *to be* al *past simple*.

1. She WASN'T at school last week because she WAS ill.
2. WERE they at the club last night? I called them but they WEREN'T at home.
3. Where WERE you yesterday? WERE you in the park with William?
4. They WERE born on the same day.
5. I WAS born in England. I'm Australian.
6. I don't understand this exercise. I WASN'T at school yesterday. I WAS on holiday.

20. Completa il testo con i verbi tra parentesi al *past simple*.

Tom Cruise was born on 3rd July 1962 in Syracuse, in the USA. His mother WAS a teacher, and his father WAS an engineer. His family LIVED in many different places. So Tom WENT to different schools. He LIKED wrestling but a knee injury ENDED his career. When he WAS sixteen, Tom STARTED to study acting classes and he DECIDED to become an actor. In 1980, Tom MOVED to New York. The film director Franco Zeffirelli DISCOVERED him and GAVE him a role in *Endless Love*. *Top Gun* MADE him a star in 1986. He MARRIED Nicole Kidman in 1991. They DIVORCED in 2001.

21. Forma la negazione del verbo al *past simple*.

1. We DIDN'T GO to school yesterday.
2. The bus DIDN'T STOP at the bus stop.
3. He DIDN'T SEE you.
4. They WEREN'T old.
5. Mel DIDN'T HAVE a sister.

22. Riscrivi le frasi usando il *future simple (will)* del verbo tra parentesi.

1. I WILL DO this later.
2. We WILL GO shopping.
3. The sun WILL SHINE.
4. Peter WILL CALL you.
5. They WILL BE there.

23. Completa le frasi con i verbi tra parentesi alla forma negativa del *future simple (will)*.

1. It WON'T RAIN tomorrow.
2. I promise I WON'T BE late.
3. We WON'T START to watch the film without you.
4. The bus WON'T WAIT for us.
5. He WON'T BELIEVE us.

24. Inserisci i verbi nel tempo giusto (futuro con *will* o con *going to*).

1. I hope you WILL understand.
2. Wait! I WILL help you.
3. As we want to get better marks in English, we ARE GOING TO STUDY harder in the future.
4. Josh IS GOING TO buy a new house.
5. I think they WILL arrive by 8pm.

25. Rispondi affermativamente alle domande.

1. YES, I CAN.
2. YES, THEY CAN.
3. YES, HE CAN.
4. YES, THEY CAN.
5. YES, SHE CAN.

26. Inserisci l'avverbio di frequenza tra parentesi al posto giusto.

1. He OFTEN listens to the radio.
2. They SOMETIMES read a book.
3. Pete NEVER gets angry.
4. Tom is USUALLY very friendly.
5. I SOMETIMES take sugar in my coffee.
6. Joy is OFTEN hungry.
7. My grandmother ALWAYS goes for a walk in the evening.
8. Walter USUALLY helps his father in the kitchen.

27. Sottolinea il pronome relativo esatto.

1. Did you see the car THAT was driving much too fast?
2. It was very sad to see the bird WHOSE wing was broken.
3. Today, I saw the woman WHO always helps grandma with her shopping.
4. Do you like the new plants WHICH I bought for the living room?
5. I could speak with the manager of the company, WHO I met at the interview.

28. Riscrivi le parole nell'ordine giusto.

1. MR CLEGG IS NOT SCOTTISH. HE IS ENGLISH.
2. STEVE IS NOT IN HIS OFFICE.
3. ARE VICKY AND JAMES FROM GLASGOW IN SCOTLAND?
4. JANET AND SUSAN ARE IN A HURRY.

29. Riscrivi le parole nell'ordine giusto.

1. HAS JERRY GOT A SISTER?
2. SUSANNA IS NOT MY GIRLFRIEND. SHE IS MY COUSIN.
3. DAVID LIVES IN ENGLAND.
4. HAVE YOU GOT ANY BROTHERS OR SISTERS?
5. SHE'S A COMPUTER PROGRAMMER.